

第一节 2010 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

You are supposed to write for the Postgraduates' Association a notice to recruit volunteers for an international conference on globalization. The notice should include the basic qualifications for applicants and other information which you think is relevant.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the notice. Use "The Postgraduates' Association" instead. (10 points)

精彩范文



Volunteers Needed

January 9, 2010

To improve students' ability and enrich their extracurricular activities, the Postgraduates' Association is recruiting volunteers for an international conference on globalization to be held on April 10, 2010 in Beijing. Applicants should be Chinese, have a cheerful personality and be under 35 years of age¹. In addition, candidates must have outstanding skills in English listening comprehension and the ability to speak Chinese and English fluently. Finally, students with relevant professional experience are preferred. Those graduate students who are interested in taking part may **sign up²** with the monitor of their class before February 1, 2010. Everybody is welcome to join.

The Postgraduates' Association

参考译文

招募志愿者

2010 年 1 月 9 日

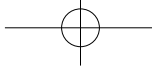
为提高同学们的能力和丰富课外活动，研究生会现为将于 2010 年 4 月 10 日在北京举办的国际全球化会议招募志愿者。申请人必须具有中国国籍和乐观的个性，年龄在 35 岁以下。其次，申请人需具有出色的英语听力水平，并且中英文口语流利。最后，具有相关专业经验的学生优先考虑。有兴趣参加的研究生请于 2010 年 2 月 1 日之前在班长处报名。欢迎大家积极参与。

研究生会



道长点评

2010 年考研英语（一）小作文考查了告示类。虽然 2010 年版考试大纲中只提到小作文的考查范围“包括私人和公务信函、备忘录、报告等”，并未明确提到告示，但“大纲解析”中将小作文明确分为书信类和告示类两大题型。



这再次证明了考研写作的反押题倾向，命题者重在考查考生的实际英语水平，经常与考生的预测反其道而行之。因此，对于考研写作的复习，希望考生扎扎实实提高英语写作实力，杜绝侥幸和押题心理，应仔细复习书信、备忘录、报告、告示等多种类型，以不变应万变。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ extracurricular 课外的	○ personality 个性	○ professional 专业的	① years of age 岁 ② sign up 报名
○ international 国际的	○ listening comprehension 听力理解	○ monitor 班长	
○ conference 会议			
○ globalization 全球化	○ fluently 流利地		

== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)



文化“火锅”，既美味又营养



精彩范文

赠021

As is symbolically illustrated in this drawing, there is a boiling hot pot containing various ingredients of multiple cultures. These different cultures can be demonstrated by celebrities at home and abroad, such as Bi Sheng, Lao She, Shakespeare and Einstein, cultural concepts like Buddhism, Taoism, Confucianism, benevolence, manners, humanism, enlightenment, postmodernism and deconstruction, as well as performing arts like Peking Opera, kung fu and *Swan Lake*, a famous ballet. We are informed that the cultural “hot pot” is both delicious and nutritious.

The drawing shows that instead of **being** outdated and **of little value**¹ in a rapidly modernizing world, cultural blending should be greatly encouraged. On the one hand, as part of the common heritage of humanity, multiple cultures could bring together diverse peoples and social groups. Consequently, cultural integration has become indispensable as a powerful means of promoting further cultural development. On the other hand, for China and other rapidly developing countries, there is a danger that age-old customs and traditions may become lost in the process of modernization. If kung fu, Peking Opera or Confucianism ever disappeared from the earth, it would be a tragedy of enormous proportions².

In my view, while encouraging cultural blending between different cultures, we should preserve our cultural heritage. With increasing cultural awareness, unwavering government support and growing overseas interest, the future of cultural blending looks brighter and more secure than ever before.

参考译文

这幅图象征性地说明了，一只沸腾的火锅里放有诸多多元文化元素。毕昇、老舍、莎士比亚、爱因斯坦等国内外名人，佛、道、儒、仁、礼、人本、启蒙、后现代、解构等文化概念，以及京剧、功夫、《天鹅湖》（一部著名的芭蕾舞剧）等表演艺术都是不同文化的体现。图画的说明文字告诉我们：文化“火锅”，既美味又营养。

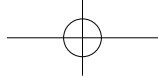
这幅图表明：文化融合并未过时，也并非没有价值，应大力鼓励。一方面，多元文化作为人类共同遗产的一部分，能将不同的民族和社会群体融合在一起。因此，文化融合作为一种促进文化进一步发展的有力方式，已经不可或缺。另一方面，对中国和其他快速发展的国家来说，古老的风俗和传统面临着可能在现代化进程中遗失的危险。如果功夫、京剧或儒学从地球上消失，那将是极为严重的悲剧。

在我看来，我们在鼓励不同文化融合的同时，应该保护我们的文化遗产。随着人们的文化意识越来越强、政府给予坚定不移的支持以及海外对传统文化的兴趣与日俱增，文化融合的未来会比过去任何时候都更有希望、有保证。



道长点评

2010年英语（一）大作文可谓史上最难考题，考查了“文化融合”这一抽象话题，实际上对2002年的考题“民族文化和世界文化”进行了改头换面。文化融合即通过文化交流而达到的融合，交流在先，侧重动作和过程；融合在后，侧重结果。鉴于考研英语的两大难点为英语基本功（词汇 + 语法）及英美文化常识，图画中出现的诸多词汇其实并不超纲，均为中外文化范畴的基本术语或大纲词汇的派生词。



素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ boiling 沸腾的	○ deconstruction 解构	○ cultural integration 文化融合	① be of little value 没有什么价值 ② of enormous proportions 极其严重的
○ hot pot 火锅	○ performing art 表演艺术		
○ ingredient 元素	○ Peking Opera 京剧	○ indispensable 不可或缺的	
○ multiple 多种的	○ kung fu 中国功夫	○ powerful 有力的	
○ demonstrate 证明	○ Swan Lake《天鹅湖》	○ developing 发展中的	
○ Shakespeare 莎士比亚	○ ballet 芭蕾舞剧	○ age-old 古老的	
○ Einstein 爱因斯坦	○ inform 告知	○ process 过程	
○ Buddhism 佛	○ delicious 美味的	○ modernization 现代化	
○ Taoism 道	○ nutritious 营养的	○ disappear 消失	
○ Confucianism 儒	○ outdated 过时的	○ tragedy 悲剧	
○ benevolence 仁	○ modernize 使现代化	○ proportions 重要性	
○ manners 礼	○ cultural blending 文化融合	○ preserve 保护	
○ humanism 人本主义	○ common heritage 共同遗产	○ unwavering 坚定不移的	
○ enlightenment 启蒙	○ diverse 不同的	○ secure 有保证的	
○ postmodernism 后现代主义	○ people 民族		
	○ social group 社会群体		

二、英语（二）

== Part A ==

Directions

You have just come back from the U.S. as a member of a Sino-American culture exchange program. Write a letter to your American colleague to

- 1) express your thanks for his/her warm reception;
- 2) welcome him/her to visit China in due course.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the letter. Use “Zhang Wei” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



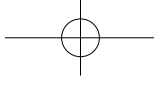
Dear Mr. Whitman,

I am writing this letter to extend my heartfelt gratitude to you for the hospitality you offered me and also for the warm and friendly way in which you received me.

参考译文

尊敬的惠特曼先生：

我写这封信的目的是想衷心感谢您的盛情款待。



During the Sino-American culture exchange program in the United States, I was very thankful to you for the selfless assistance you rendered me. It was so nice of you to meet me at the airport, **arrange accommodation for me¹** and **show me around²**.

I sincerely welcome you to visit China **at your convenience³** and I do hope to have the opportunity of returning the service you offered me in the forthcoming future.

Yours sincerely,
Zhang Wei

非常感谢您在我在美国参与中美文化交流项目期间给予我的无私帮助。您到机场接我，为我安排住处，还带我四处看看，您这样做真是太好了！

我真诚欢迎您方便的时候来中国，真希望在不远的将来能有机会回报您。

您真诚的，
张伟



道长点评

2010 年考研英语（二）是第一年考，写作 A 节就考了书信题，题目与 2009 年 8 月教育部公布的大纲样题颇为相似。本题为感谢信，感谢美国同事的热情接待。

有趣的是，考研写作真题之间有着微妙的联系。2010 年考研英语（一）大作文的主题为“文化融合 / 交流”，而同年英语（二）小作文题中也出现了“文化交流”的相关表达。2009 年考研大作文题为“网络的‘近’与‘远’”，而当年 MBA 考试（英语 [二] 的前身）写作题的主题为“手机短信”，2010 年英语（二）大作文考的是“手机入网”。希望大家好好研究历年真题，不论考英语（一）还是英语（二）。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ Sino-American 中美的	○ thankful 感谢的	① arrange accommodation for sb. 为某人安排住处 ② show sb. around 带某人四处看看 / 参观 ③ at sb.'s convenience 当某人方便时
○ program 项目	○ selfless 无私的	

== Part B ==

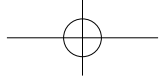
Directions

In this section, you are asked to write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

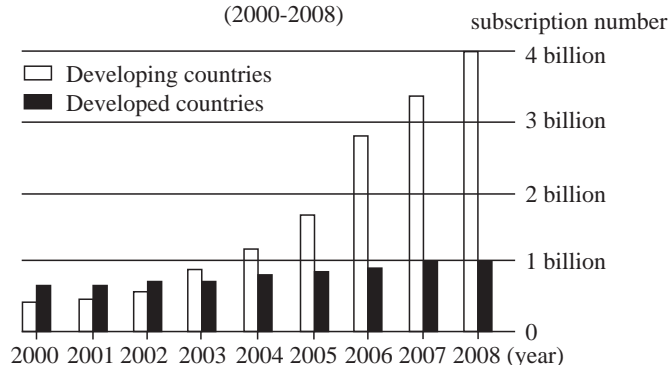
You should write at least 150 words.

Write your essay on ANSWER SHEET 2. (15 Points)



Mobile phone subscriptions

(2000-2008)



精彩范文



From the information given in the above bar chart, we can see a striking contrast in mobile phone subscriptions between developing countries and developed countries from 2000 to 2008. During this period, there was a dramatic increase from 0.4 billion to 4 billion mobile-phone subscriptions in developing countries, while the subscription number in developed countries remained relatively steady, no more than 1 billion.

The bar chart reflects two different patterns in mobile-phone subscriptions. In the developed world, where the population is not too large and standards of living are high, many people could afford the mobile phone services in 2000. But due to the slow or negative population growth, the subscription number saw **zero growth**¹ in 2008. In densely-populated developing countries, more and more people subscribed to the mobile phone services during the nine-year period, thanks to the improvement in people's living standards and the increasingly affordable mobile-phone prices and charges.

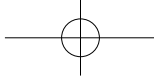
From what has been discussed above, we could come to the conclusion that with the rapid development of the economy and society, the mobile phone subscription number may still continue to increase in developing countries.

参考译文

根据上面的柱状图所提供的信息,我们可以看出:2000年到2008年,发展中国家和发达国家在手机入网方面有着鲜明的对比。在此期间,发展中国家手机入网数从4亿急剧增至40亿,而发达国家的入网数一直不超过10亿,保持相对稳定。

这幅柱状图反映了两种不同的手机入网模式。在发达国家,人口较少,生活水平也高,很多人在2000年就能负担得起手机服务。但由于人口的缓慢增长或负增长,入网数在2008年已零增长。而在人口密集的发展中国家,由于人们的生活水平有所提高,手机的价格和费用人们也越来越负担得起,在这九年间手机入网用户越来越多。

从上面的讨论中我们可以得出结论:随着经济和社会的快速发展,发展中国家的手机入网数可能还会继续增加。



道长点评

2010 年考研英语（二）大作文考查了图表作文，与 2009 年教育部公布的大纲样题保持一致。2010 年以前的考研写作真题曾考过四次图表作文，分别是 1997 年的柱状与饼状图、1999 年的曲线图、2006 年的柱状图和 2007 年的表格。因此，图表作文应引起英语（二）考生的高度重视。希望考生对于曲线、表格、饼状及柱状四类图表全面复习，勿抱侥幸心理。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ striking 显著的○ contrast 对比○ subscription 开户入网○ developing country 发展中国家○ developed country 发达国家○ reflect 反映○ pattern 模式	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ standards of living 生活水平○ negative 负的○ population growth 人口增长○ densely-populated 人口密集的○ subscribe (为某项服务) 定期缴费○ affordable 负担得起的○ charge 费用	<p>① zero growth 零增长</p>

第二节 2011 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

Write a letter to a friend of yours to

1) recommend one of your favorite movies and

2) give reasons for your recommendation.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the letter. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Dear Michael,

I'm writing this letter for the purpose of recommending one of my favorite movies to you, *Around the World in 80 Days*.

参考译文

亲爱的迈克尔：

我写这封信是为了向你推荐我最喜欢的电影之一《八十天环游地球》。



It's an adventure comedy film which tells us an exciting story about an English gentleman, Mr. Phileas Fogg, who **is pressured into¹ making a bet²** with his club members that he can travel around the world in 80 days. With the help of his friend, he overcomes many difficulties and finally circles the globe in 80 days.

I hope you enjoy the movie. Looking forward to your reply.

Yours,
Li Ming

这是一部冒险喜剧片，讲述了一个有关英国绅士斐利亚·福格先生的刺激故事。他被迫跟他的俱乐部伙伴打了个赌：在八十天之内环游地球。在朋友的帮助下，他克服了很多困难，最终在八十天内环游了世界。

希望你喜欢这部电影。期待你的回信。

你真诚的，
李明



道长点评

本题考查了“电影”这个社会热点话题。需要注意的是，写给朋友的信应该直呼其名，不用写某某先生或女士。题目所给的两点提纲可以各写一段，第三段自然结尾。首段无须进行自我介绍，开门见山表明写作目的即可。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ favorite 最喜欢的	○ exciting 刺激的	○ bet 赌	① be pressured into... 被迫…… ② make a bet 打赌
○ adventure 冒险	○ gentleman 绅士	○ circle 环行	
○ comedy 喜剧	○ pressure 强迫	○ globe 世界	

== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)



旅程之“余”



精彩范文



As is subtly portrayed in the cartoon, two tourists are **doing sightseeing**¹ on a small boat while casually discarding their picnic leftovers into a lake. Unfortunately, the lake **is** already **littered with**² floating rubbish such as plastic containers, fish bones, banana peels, watermelon rinds, bottles, tins, food wrappings, and so on. The caption below the cartoon says: “**‘in the wake of**³**’** the travel.”

The cartoon conveys the following message: a good many scenic spots are **teeming with**⁴ visitors who **spoil** the beauty of nature by leaving behind **God knows**⁵ how much trash. Some people, who believe that the booming tourism serves as an engine of economic growth, seem to ignore its great pressure on our environment: water is polluted, the ecological system is disturbed, and natural resources have been excessively exploited. These are not concerns that we can **shrug off**⁶.

Undoubtedly, tourism cannot be banned in any country as it does help to boost the economy. The point is that unchecked tourism development may lead to unsustainable economic growth. **It is high time that**⁷ we enhanced people's awareness of this impact and rectify the situation by taking environmental protection into consideration.

参考译文

正如这幅漫画所微妙描绘的，两名游客坐着一只小船一边观光，一边把野餐吃剩的食物随意丢入湖中。遗憾的是，湖中已经漂浮着塑料容器、鱼骨、香蕉皮、西瓜皮、瓶子、罐头、食品包装等各色垃圾。漫画下的说明文字显示：“旅程之‘余’”。

这幅漫画传达了下列信息：很多景点游人如织，他们留下了大量垃圾，破坏了大自然的美。有些人认为迅速发展的旅游业是经济发展的一个原动力，他们似乎忽视了它给我们的环境带来的巨大压力：水受到污染，生态平衡遭到破坏，自然资源被过度开发。我们不能对此不屑一顾。

毫无疑问，因为旅游业确实有助于促进经济发展，所以任何国家都不能取缔旅游业。但重要的是，对旅游业的发展听之任之可能导致经济发展不可持续。我们早就该提高人们对该影响的认识并认真考虑环保来扭转这种局面了。



道长点评

环境保护类话题考研写作真题考过五次：第一次是 1991 年的提纲作文题“住在城里还是乡下？”，第二次是 1999 年的图表作文题“人口增长导致野生生物减少”，第三次是 2000 年的图画作文题“世界商业捕鱼与保护海洋资源”，第四次是 2009 年的书信类小作文题“限制使用塑料袋”，第五次就是 2011 年英语（一）的图画作文题“旅游与环境”。

值得注意的是，考研写作真题与英语专业四级考试的写作真题存在某种微妙的联系。2007 年专四写作考了“网上交友”，2009 年考研大作文考了“网络的‘近’与‘远’”；2008 年专四写作考了“志愿者活动”，2010 年考研英语（一）小作文考了“招募志愿者”；2009 年专四写作考了“旅游与环境”，两年之后考研英语（一）大作文再次如约考了“旅游与环境”。这种现象其实不难解释，考研英语命题组成员多为全国各重点大学英语系的教授，对于英语专业学生必考的专四考试自然了如指掌。



素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ portray 描绘	○ bottle 瓶子	○ ignore 忽视	① do sightseeing 观光
○ casually 随意地	○ tin 罐头	○ pollute 污染	② be littered with 充满
○ discard 丢弃	○ wrapping 包装纸 / 材料	○ ecological system 生态系统	③ in the wake of... (尤指不好的事) 紧随……而来, 作为……的结果
○ picnic 野餐	○ message 信息	○ disturb 破坏	④ teem with 充满 (移动的人等)
○ litter 使杂乱	○ scenic spot 景点	○ natural resources 自然资源	⑤ God knows 天晓得
○ floating 漂浮的	○ visitor 游客	○ excessively 过度地	⑥ shrug...off 对……满不在乎 / 不屑一顾
○ rubbish 垃圾	○ spoil 破坏	○ exploit 开发	⑦ it is high time that... 早就该……
○ plastic container 塑料容器	○ leave behind 留下	○ unsustainable 不可持续的	
○ fish bone 鱼骨	○ trash 垃圾	○ rectify 扭转	
○ banana peel 香蕉皮	○ engine 原动力		
○ watermelon 西瓜	○ economic growth 经济发展		
○ rind 厚皮			

二、英语 (二)

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose your cousin Li Ming has just been admitted to a university. Write him/her a letter to

- 1) congratulate him/her, and
- 2) give him/her suggestions on how to get prepared for university life.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the letter. Use “Zhang Wei” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Dear Li Ming,

Congratulations! I'm delighted to hear that you have just been admitted to Stanford University. I know the competition this year was intense, and your hard work and perseverance finally paid off¹.

参考译文

亲爱的李明:

祝贺你! 得知你已被斯坦福大学录取, 我很高兴。我知道今年的竞争很激烈, 你的努力和坚持不懈最终得到了回报。



I'd like to give you several practical suggestions on how to prepare for university life. Firstly, I hope you could take advantage of the library at your university by reading books outside the college's curriculum. Secondly, **it is advisable that² you be engaged in³** the following three activities in your free time: exercise, relaxation, and communication with friends and family.

I wish you further success in your college studies and hope you will invite me to your graduation ceremony in four years' time.

Yours faithfully,
Zhang Wei

关于如何为大学生活做准备，我想给你几个实用的建议。首先，希望你能利用大学的图书馆资源，课外多读一些书。其次，你最好在业余时间参与这三项活动：运动锻炼，休息放松以及与朋友、家人联络。

祝愿你在大学里学业有成，希望你能邀请我去参加你四年后的毕业典礼！

你真诚的，
张伟



道长点评

国内的英语考试很喜欢考书信类：2001年6月与2004年1月，四级写作两次考了建议信；2007年—2009年，考研连续三年考了建议信。可见考研英语（二）写作复习的重中之重仍是历年真题！

两种书信结合来考的情况在2011年以前出现过三次：2005年的辞职信 + 道歉信，2008年的道歉信 + 建议信，以及2009年的致编辑信 + 建议信。如此命题的原因之一还是为了反押题。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ delighted 高兴的	○ suggestion 建议	○ free time 空闲时间	① pay off 取得成功，奏效 ② it is advisable that... 最好……，……是明智的 ③ be engaged in 参加，参与
○ admit 录取	○ library 图书馆	○ exercise 运动，锻炼	
○ intense 激烈的	○ curriculum 课程	○ relaxation 放松	
○ hard work 努力	○ advisable 可取的，明智的	○ communication 联络	
○ perseverance 坚持不懈		○ ceremony 典礼	

== Part B ==

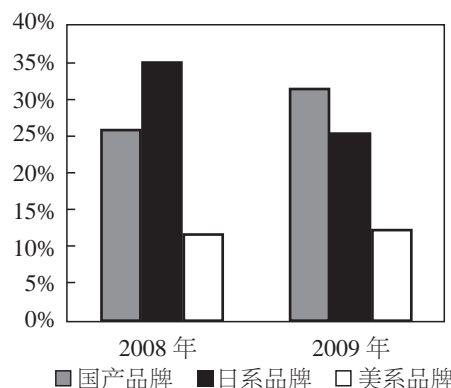
Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write at least 150 words.

Write your essay on ANSWER SHEET 2. (15 points)



2008年、2009年国内轿车市场部分品牌市场份额示意图

精彩范文 赠08

What is shown in the bar chart above indicates that dramatic changes took place in the market shares of certain brands in the domestic car market from 2008 to 2009. During this period, there was a marked jump of 8% from 25% to 33% in the market share of homemade brands, while that of Japanese brands declined significantly by 10% from 35% to 25%, and that of American brands remained relatively steady.

There are several factors that may account for these changes. For one thing, advances in science and technology have provided the technical foundation for¹ the rapid development of the Chinese automobile industry. For another, domestic automobile companies in mounting numbers have **turned to²** price promotions to boost sales in recent years. Finally, the recent dishonest behavior of some Japanese automobile corporations undermined their reputation.

To sum up, a brand—an intangible asset—is often the most valuable asset of a corporation. If domestic automobile companies want to **make a continuous profit³**, they need to work hard to make their brand image more credible.

参考译文

上面的柱状图所显示的数据表明，2008年至2009年，国内轿车市场部分品牌的市场份额发生了很大变化。在此期间，国产品牌的市场份额从25%猛增至33%，上升了8%；而日系品牌的市场份额则从35%急剧降至25%，下降了10%；美系品牌的份额保持相对稳定。

可能有几个因素促成了这些变化。首先，科技进步为中国汽车产业的迅猛发展打下了技术基础。其次，近年来越来越多的国产轿车公司开始进行价格促销来促进销量。最后，一些日系轿车公司最近的不诚实行为有损其声誉。

总之，品牌作为一种无形资产，往往是一个公司最值钱的资产。如果国产轿车公司想要继续赚钱，他们需要努力使自己的品牌形象更值得信赖。



道长点评

2010年1月，日本“丰田门”汽车召回事件引起举世关注，日系轿车的形象一落千丈，销量骤减。同年，吉利控股集团收购沃尔沃再次震惊世界，中国国产汽车品牌受到了举世瞩目，销量日增。本题即考查了“汽车”这个2010年的热门话题。

第一段应描述图表，无须发表太多议论，就图论图即可。第二段可以列举原因，最好从两三个方面分析国产品牌份额上升、日系品牌份额下降的具体原因。第三段可以针对国产轿车品牌如何保持并继续扩大市场份额进行归纳总结或提出措施建议。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ take place 发生	○ American 美国的	○ corporation 公司	① provide the foundation(s) for... 为……打下基础 ② turn to 改用，开始使用 ③ make a profit 赚钱
○ market share 市场份额	○ advance 进步	○ undermine 逐渐削弱	
○ certain 某些	○ technical 技术的	○ reputation 声誉	
○ marked 明显的	○ foundation 基础	○ intangible 无形的	
○ jump 猛增	○ automobile 汽车	○ asset 资产	
○ homemade 国产的	○ promotion 促销	○ continuous 持续的	
○ Japanese 日本的	○ dishonest 不诚实的	○ credible 可信的	
○ significantly 显著地	○ behavior 行为		

第三节 2012 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

Some international students are coming to your university. Write them an email in the name of the Students' Union to

- 1) extend your welcome, and
- 2) provide some suggestions for their campus life here.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the email. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Dear Friends,

On behalf of the Students' Union of Beijing Foreign Studies University, I would like to extend our heartfelt welcome to all the overseas students to study at our university.

It is my great pleasure to make several practical suggestions to you. Life at this prestigious university may not be as relaxing as what you expected. You may be tightly bound by numerous lessons, lots of homework and countless exams. In spite of¹ all these challenges, you can still enjoy your life here. Various extracurricular activities like sports meets, speech contests, social gatherings and dances provide ample opportunities² to make friends.

All in all, studying at our university will be worthwhile. I hope you could enjoy yourselves here!

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

参考译文

亲爱的朋友们：

我谨代表北京外国语大学学生会，向来我校学习的所有海外留学生表示衷心的欢迎。

能给你们几条实用的建议我很荣幸。在这所知名学府的生活也许不像你们所期待的那样轻松。你们可能会上很多课、做大量作业和参加数不尽的考试。尽管有这些挑战，你们依然可以享受这里的生活。运动会、演讲比赛、联谊会、舞会等各种各样的课外活动提供了大量交朋友的机会。

总之，在我校学习将是非常值得的。希望你们在这里过得愉快！

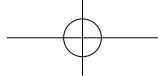
你真诚的，
李明



道长点评

2012 年再次考查了考研考过多次的建议信：2007 年考了“给图书馆提建议”，2008 年考了“向房东道歉并建议解决办法”，2009 年考了“给编辑提建议”，2011 年英语（二）考了“祝贺表弟入学并提建议”。再次提醒广大考生：反押题的逆向出题方式才是考研写作的命题方式，切勿以为考过的类型不会重考。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ prestigious 有声望的	○ homework 作业	○ dance 舞会	① in spite of 尽管 ② ample opportunity 充裕的机会
○ relaxing 轻松的	○ countless 数不尽的	○ ample 充裕的	
○ tightly 紧紧地	○ challenge 挑战	○ all in all 总之	
○ bind 约束	○ sports meet 运动会		
○ numerous 很多的	○ social gathering 联谊会		



== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)



精彩范文

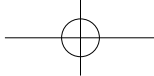
As demonstrated in the cartoon, two persons respond to the same matter differently. The man on the left shows his dissatisfaction and disappointment when a bottle is overturned, while the man on the right is **quick to raise**¹ it up, with a happy smile on his face. We are reminded that different people may have different attitudes toward the same thing.

The cartoon illustrates that remaining optimistic is of utmost significance to both our society and our life. In the first place, optimism keeps our creative minds at play² and arouses our enthusiasm for work. On the contrary, pessimism rarely generates good results. In the second place, staying optimistic helps us overcome difficulties and **endows us with courage**³ when others are dismayed. It is optimism, rather than genius and extraordinary ability, that inspires us to cope with⁴ any arduous task.

参考译文

如漫画所示，两个人对同一件事有不同的反应。看到瓶子打翻了，左边的人表现出不满和失望；而右边的人则面带微笑，马上去把它扶起来。漫画提醒我们，不同的人对同一件事可以有不同的态度。

这幅漫画说明了保持乐观对我们的社会和生活都至关重要。首先，乐观使我们的创造性思维发挥作用，还唤起我们对工作的热情。相反，悲观很少产生好的结果。其次，在其他人的时候，保持乐观可以帮助我们克服困难并赋予我们勇气。正是乐观，而非天赋或非凡的才能，激励我们应对任何艰难险阻。



In conclusion, an optimistic perspective helps people to gain wisdom and self-confidence, and is crucial in cultivating one's character and developing one's competence.

总之，乐观的视角可以帮助人们获得智慧和自信，因此在个人性格和能力的培养上至关重要。



道长点评

2012 年考研英语（一）大作文题考的是人生哲理类话题，之前考研已考过五次这类话题：1994 年“友谊”、2003 年“独立”、2004 年“终点又是新起点”、2007 年“自信”以及 2008 年“合作”。

本题尤其与 2007 年的大作文题高度相似，图画均反映人们看待问题有不同的角度。2007 年的图：对于罚点球，左边的守门员低估了自己的能力，右边的射手高估了困难；2012 年的图：看到瓶子倒了，左边的人悲观失望，右边的人乐观进取。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ respond 作出反应	○ optimism 乐观	○ extraordinary 非凡的	① be quick to do sth. 马上作出反应做某事 ② at play 起作用 ③ endow sb. with sth. 赋予某人某物 ④ cope with 处理，应付
○ dissatisfaction 不满	○ creative 创造性的	○ arduous 艰巨的	
○ disappointment 失望	○ arouse 唤起	○ wisdom 智慧	
○ overturn 打翻	○ on the contrary 相反	○ character 性格	
○ remind 提醒	○ pessimism 悲观	○ competence 能力	
○ remain 保持	○ dismay 使失望		
○ optimistic 乐观的	○ genius 天赋		

二、英语（二）

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose you have found something wrong with the electronic dictionary that you bought from an online store the other day. Write an email to the customer service center to

- 1) make a complaint, and
- 2) demand a prompt solution.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the email. Use “Zhang Wei” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Dear Sir or Madam,

I bought an electronic dictionary from your online store on January 1st, but I found something wrong with it after using it for a short period of time.

The battery drains very quickly, after 1 or 2 days, even without use, so it needs recharging **every now and then**¹. In addition, the display has become distorted and several vertical lines appear where the text is missing.

Therefore, I would like to either change the electronic dictionary for another model or get a refund for it. Your help in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Yours sincerely,
Zhang Wei

参考译文

尊敬的先生 / 女士：

1月1日我在贵网店买了一个电子词典，但没用几天就发现词典出了问题。

电池只用一两天电就很快耗干了，即使不用也这样，所以时不时就需要充电。此外，内容无法正常显示，文本缺失的地方会出现几道竖线。

因此，我希望贵店要么给我换一个型号，要么给我退款。我将非常感谢您在这件事上的帮助。

您真诚的，
张伟



道长点评

2012年考研英语（二）小作文题考了考研尚未考过，但四、六级已多次考过的投诉信，如2002年1月四级考的“投诉食堂卫生”、2004年6月六级考的“投诉词典及书店服务”等。本题尤其与2004年6月的六级题颇为相似，都是投诉词典的质量问题。

其实，以往的考研小作文题考过两次四级考过的话题，分别是2009年的小作文题“限制使用塑料袋”（2008年12月的四级题考的就是“限制使用塑料袋”）和2010年英语（一）的小作文题“招募志愿者”（2006年6月的四级题考的就是“招募志愿者”）。请考生务必重视近年四、六级的写作真题，因为考研写作题的命制可能会借鉴。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ electronic dictionary 电子词典	○ display 显示的内容	○ text 文本	① every now and then 不时
○ online store 网店	○ distort (使) 反常	○ missing 缺失的	
○ drain 耗干	○ vertical 垂直的		
	○ appear 出现		

== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay based on the following table. In your writing, you should

- 1) describe the table, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write at least 150 words.

Write your essay on ANSWER SHEET 2. (15 points)

某公司员工工作满意度调查

年龄组 \ 满意度	满意	不清楚	不满意
≤ 40 岁	16.7%	50.0%	33.3%
41~50 岁	0.0%	36.0%	64.0%
> 50 岁	40.0%	50.0%	10.0%

精彩范文



The table clearly shows the statistics of employee job satisfaction in a certain company. From the data given above, we may conclude that the percentage of employees who are satisfied with their jobs is highest among those over the age of 50, at 40.0%, while the employees who are unsatisfied with their jobs account for 64.0% of those aged 41-50, the highest dissatisfaction rate of the three age groups.

The primary cause lies in¹ people's different attitudes. Employees aged 41-50 are usually under great pressure from² both their families and their career. Some may even go to extremes³, frantically pursuing money, power, high social status, and so on, which are all symbols of worldly success, but not of job satisfaction. Employees over the age of 50 tend to shift their aim in life from ultimate success to a relatively comfortable and simple life, and therefore are inclined to be⁴ more satisfied with their jobs.

From what has been discussed above, we can conclude that true satisfaction may derive from⁵ a positive attitude.

参考译文

该表清楚显示了某公司员工工作满意度的数据。由上面给出的数据我们可以得出结论：50 岁以上的员工满意度最高，为 40.0%；而三个年龄组中 41 至 50 岁的员工不满意程度最高，为 64.0%。

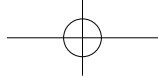
主要原因在于人们的不同态度。41 至 50 岁的员工通常承受着来自家庭和事业的双重巨压。有些人甚至走向极端，疯狂地追逐金钱、权力、较高的社会地位等，这些都是世俗成功的象征，而非工作满意度的象征。50 岁以上的员工往往将他们的人生目标从最终的成功转变为过一种相对简单、舒适的生活，因而倾向于对自己的工作更为满意。

从上述的讨论中我们可以得出结论：真正的满意可能源于一种积极的态度。



道长点评

2010 年至 2012 年考研英语（二）连续三年考了图表作文。2012 年并未考“老人摔倒”“食品安全”“醉驾入刑”等 2011 年的国内热点话题，而是考了一个中性话题“工作满意度”。本题的图表描述及原因分析稍有难度，很多考生无从下手。



素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ job satisfaction 工作满意度	○ worldly 世俗的	① lie in 在于
○ satisfied 满意的	○ shift 转变	② be under pressure from... 承受来自……的压力
○ unsatisfied 不满意的	○ aim in life 生活目标	③ go to extremes 走向极端
○ unsatisfaction 不满意	○ ultimate 终极的	④ be inclined to do sth. 倾向于做某事
○ extreme 极端	○ comfortable 舒适的	⑤ derive from 来自
○ frantically 疯狂地		

第四节 2013 年真题详解

一、英语 (一)

== Part A ==

Directions

Write an email of about 100 words to a foreign teacher in your college, inviting him/her to be a judge for the upcoming English speech contest.

You should include the details you think necessary.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the email. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Dear Professor Johnson,

On behalf of all the students who share a love for English, I am writing to sincerely invite you to be a judge for the upcoming English speech contest.

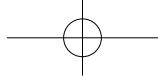
The Students' Union is to organize the English speech contest **in collaboration with¹** the English Club. The preliminary contest will be held at 2:00 p.m. on January 16, 2013 in the Student Recreation Center. Judges will not only **judge the contestants on²** language, content and delivery of speech, but also make comments on their performance. You will be given a special gift **in gratitude for³** your favor after the contest.

参考译文

尊敬的约翰逊教授:

我谨代表所有热爱英语的同学写信给您, 真诚邀请您为即将举办的英语演讲比赛担任评委。

学生会将与英语俱乐部联合组织这次演讲比赛。初赛将于2013年1月16日下午两点在学生活动中心举行。评委们不仅要根据演讲的语言、内容和技巧对选手进行评判, 还要点评他们的表现。赛后我们将送给您一个特别的礼物以示感谢。



We would appreciate it if you could accept our invitation.

Yours sincerely,
Li Ming

如果您能接受我们的邀请，
我们将不胜感激。

您真诚的，
李明



道长点评

2013 年考研英语（一）小作文的话题是“写给外教的公务邀请信”，是 2005 年考研开考小作文以来，第一次考邀请信。这也是考研历史上第八次考书信类应用文。值得注意的是，从 2012 年开始，考研英语命题组与时俱进，英语（一）、（二）的小作文命题开始使用日常生活中更为常用的电子邮件（email），其实与信函（letter）没有什么本质区别。电子邮件也分为私人与公务两种。私人电子邮件较为随意，可使用三五处缩写、省略句、口语表达等非正式用语；公务电子邮件偏正式，最好不要使用非正式用语。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ judge 评委；评判	○ content 内容	① in collaboration with... 与……合作 ② judge sb. on sth. 根据某事物对某人进行评判 ③ in gratitude for 为了感谢
○ upcoming 即将发生的	○ delivery 演说风格	
○ collaboration 合作	○ comment 评论	
○ preliminary 初步的	○ performance 表现	
○ contestant 选手		

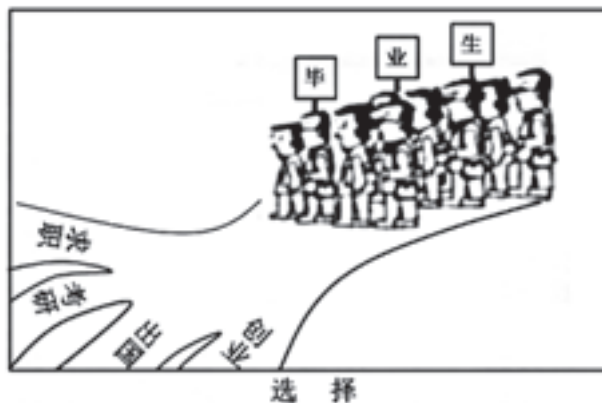
== Part B ==

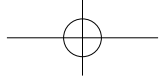
Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)





精彩范文



As is vividly shown in the cartoon, for graduates, deciding what to do upon graduation can be a hard decision, **to say the least**¹. Most graduates have a choice between the following four paths: looking for a job, taking the National Entrance Test for M.A./M.S. Candidates, going abroad or starting a business. The caption below the drawing says, "Choice."

Graduates may consider a variety of factors when making the decision, including their personal preferences, financial situations and career plans. Firstly, some graduates may **dream of**² **pioneering an enterprise**³ and becoming an entrepreneur, whereas others may have a great love of studying. Secondly, some graduates could afford the tuition fees for postgraduate programs or the cost of studying abroad, while it would be a heavy strain on others. Finally, those graduates who make the wrong decision could be faced with a bleak future, or end up wasting their time and money.

In my view, making the right choice is crucial to a graduate's career development. The optimal choice can be made only by taking personal preferences, financial situations and career plans into account.

参考译文

正如漫画所生动显示的,对于大学毕业生来说,决定毕业之后做什么至少可以说是一个艰难的决定。大多数毕业生都在求职、考研、出国和创业之间徘徊。图下的说明文字显示:“选择”。

在做这个决定的时候,大学毕业生们可能会考虑多种因素,包括个人偏好、经济状况及职业规划。首先,有些毕业生可能希望创业,梦想成为一名企业家;而其他毕业生可能喜欢学习。其次,有些毕业生负担得起读研的学费或出国留学的费用,而对其他人来说这些费用会成为一个沉重的负担。最后,做出错误的决定会让毕业生面临渺茫的前景或是徒然浪费时间和金钱。

在我看来,做出正确的选择对毕业生的职业发展至关重要。只有综合考虑个人偏好、经济状况及职业规划,才能做出最佳选择。



道长点评

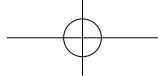
2013年,考研英语(一)大作文题是第14年考图画作文,也是2003年以来第六次考人生哲理类话题,说明这类话题应是考生最重视的话题之一。近年来,本科毕业生人数和考研人数双双屡创新高,在严峻的就业和考研形势下,考“毕业选择”这个话题显然在情理之中。

素材词汇和短语

- path 道路
- start a business 创业
- financial situation 经济状况
- career plan 职业规划
- pioneer 开创
- enterprise 企业
- strain 负担
- bleak 令人沮丧的
- optimal 最佳的

亮点表达

- ① to say the least 至少可以说
- ② dream of 梦想, 希望
- ③ pioneer an enterprise 创业



二、英语 (二)

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose your class is to hold a charity sale for kids in need of help. Write your classmates an email to

1) inform them about the details, and

2) encourage them to participate.

You should write about 100 words on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your own name. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write your address. (10 points)

精彩范文

Dear Fellow Classmates,

Our class is to hold a charity sale to raise money for kids **in need of help**¹. As the monitor of our class, I'm calling on every student to take part.

The charity sale will be held on January 20, 2013 from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., on the university sports ground. Nearly new good-quality items are welcome, such as clothing, books, footwear, and stationery. Please give the donated items to me before January 15. The money raised will support poor kids to go to school.

We Chinese are renowned in the world for our many virtues, one of which is our generosity to those in need. It's our duty to provide as much support as we can in their hour of need. Please contribute generously.

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

参考译文

亲爱的同学们:

我们班将举办一次慈善义卖活动,为需要帮助的孩子筹款。作为班长,我在这里号召大家积极参与。

义卖活动将于 2013 年 1 月 20 日上午 9 点到下午 6 点在学校操场上举行。欢迎捐献较新且质量好的物品,比如衣服、书、鞋和文具。请在 1 月 15 日前把捐献物品交至我处。筹到的钱将用来资助贫困的孩子上学。

我们中国人以很多美德闻名于世,其中就包括对需要帮助的人慷慨相助。在他们困难的时候提供尽可能多的帮助是我们的责任。请大家慷慨相助。

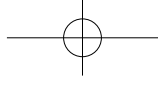
你真诚的,

李明



道长点评

2013 年英语 (二) 小作文题是写给同学的私人倡议信 (并非告示), 这是 2005 年考研开考小作文以来第一次考倡议信。但所考话题是社会热点类的“献爱心”, 考生们并不陌生。这个话题往年已考过三次: 1995 年的提纲作文“希望工程”, 2001 年的图画作文“爱心是一盏灯”以及 2006 年的小作文“通过希望工程资助边远地区的孩子上学”。



素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ charity sale 义卖	○ good-quality 质量好的	○ footwear 鞋类	① in need of help 需要帮助
○ call on 号召	○ item 一件	○ stationery 文具	
○ sports ground 操场	○ clothing 衣服	○ contribute 捐助	

== Part B ==

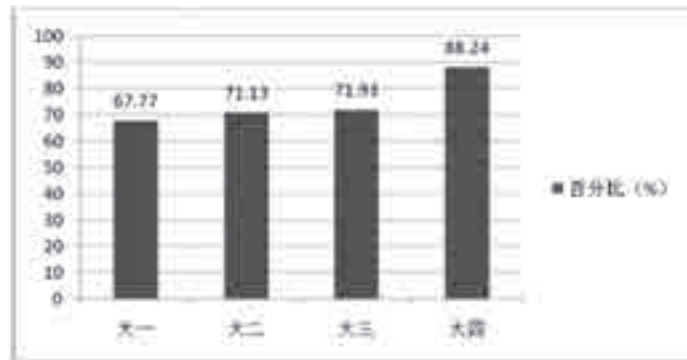
Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write at least 150 words.

Write your essay on ANSWER SHEET 2. (15 points)



某高校学生兼职情况

精彩范文 赠16

The bar chart clearly reveals the data on students taking part-time jobs at a certain university. The percentage of students doing part-time jobs during the first three years of college has seen a steady increase from 67.77% to 71.93%, while the percentage of students working part-time in the final year has jumped markedly to 88.24%.

Firstly, according to the above chart, more than half of the undergraduates take part-time jobs. For some undergraduates, working part-time helps cover their tuition fees and other expenses. For others, working

参考译文

这幅柱状图清晰显示了某高校学生兼职情况的数据。从大一到大三，学生做兼职的比例从 67.77% 缓慢上升至 71.93%，而大四兼职学生的比例则猛增至 88.24%。

首先，根据上图，有超过一半的本科生做兼职。对有些本科生来说，做兼职有助于贴补他们的学费和其他开销。对其他人来说，做兼职可以帮助他们积累一些工作经验并培养一种独立意识。其次，到了



part-time helps them accumulate some working experience and develop a sense of independence. Secondly, a 16.31 percentage increase in the final year is mainly attributed to¹ two factors: Companies prefer graduates with some hands-on experience², and undergraduates could better know what they want and which jobs suit them by working part-time.

Despite its many advantages, sometimes taking part-time jobs may have a negative impact on undergraduates' studies. For example, spending more hours at work leads to less time for studying. Therefore, undergraduates should try to keep a balance between part-time jobs and³ studying.

大四，学生兼职的人数有 16.31% 的增长，这主要归因于两个因素：公司更想要有一定实际工作经验的毕业生；本科生通过做兼职可以更好地了解自己想要什么样的工作以及哪些工作适合自己。

尽管做兼职有很多好处，有时它会影响本科生的学业。例如，把更多时间花费在工作上势必会减少用来学习的时间。因此，本科生应该努力在做兼职和学习之间保持平衡。



道长点评

2013 年考研英语（二）大作文题考的是教育文化类图表作文，是英语（二）开考以来第四次考图表作文。2010 年和 2011 年考的是经济类话题，2012 年考的是管理类话题。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ take part-time jobs 做兼职	○ cover 足以支付，贴补	① be attributed to 归因于
○ work part-time 做兼职	○ accumulate 积累	② hands-on experience 实际工作经验
		③ keep a balance between...and... 在……和……之间保持平衡

第五节 2014 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

Write a letter of about 100 words to the president of your university, suggesting how to improve students' physical condition.

You should include the details you think necessary.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the letter. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文

Dear Mr. President,

I am an undergraduate student majoring in Taoism in the Department of Religious Studies of our university. I'm writing this letter to propose several suggestions regarding how to improve students' physical health¹.

Above all, it is necessary for college students to choose jogging, playing basketball, swimming, skating, climbing or riding as their regular exercise in that exercise never fails to make us stronger and more energetic. What is more, since both a **balanced diet²** and sufficient sleep **are indispensable for³ physical fitness⁴**, university students should put great emphasis on good habits.

I am sure that you will receive many suggestions and I hope that mine will **be of use to you⁵**.

Yours sincerely,
Li Ming

参考译文

尊敬的校长先生：

我是本校宗教学系道教专业的一名本科生。我写信想就如何改善学生的身体健康状况提出几条建议。

首先，因为锻炼总能让我们身体更加强壮，精力也更加充沛，所以大学生有必要经常慢跑、打篮球、游泳、滑冰、登山或骑车。此外，因为均衡的饮食和充足的睡眠对于身体健康是不可或缺的，大学生应该充分重视养成良好的习惯。

相信您会收到很多条建议，希望我提的建议对您有用。

您真诚的，
李明



道长点评

2014 年英语（一）小作文题并未考查很多辅导机构和考生猜测的求职信、求学信、申请信等考研写作题尚未考过的书信类型，而是再次考查了建议信。这已经是考研小作文题开考十年来第六次考查建议信，再次体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。而且，值得注意的是，这是考研写作题第三次考查健康这一话题。本书第二部分提供了两篇建议信范文和一篇“健康”类大作文范文，范文及文后栏目中的很多表达均可使用。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ undergraduate student 大学本科生	○ jogging 慢跑	① physical health 身体健康
○ Taoism 道教	○ energetic 精力充沛的	② balanced diet 均衡的日常饮食
○ propose 提出	○ sufficient 充足的	③ be indispensable for sth. ……对……是不可或缺的
		④ physical fitness 身体健康
		⑤ be of use to sb. 对某人来说有用



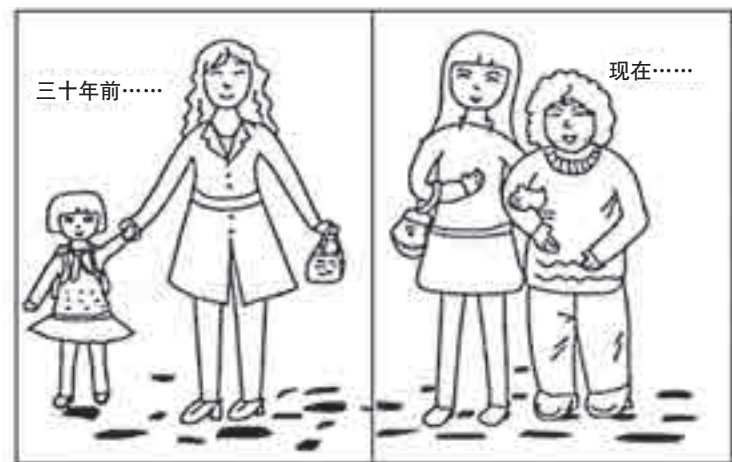
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)



相 携

精彩范文 赠18

On the left in the cartoon, three decades ago, is a picture of a mother walking side by side and hand in hand with the daughter dependent on her mother. On the right in the cartoon the positions are reversed. The caption states, "Mutual Support."

The drawing illustrates that practicing filial piety is of great importance in our society. For one thing, we have inherited this world from our parents and grandparents. If it wasn't for¹ the hard work of past generations, including the aged among us, the modern society that we enjoy today would not be possible. For another, the senior citizens have worked hard to **provide for²** their families and younger generations, and to create better living and working conditions for posterity.

To sum up, it is a tradition in China to **respect the elderly and to take care of the young**³. It can be

参考译文

漫画的左边描绘的是三十年前的一幅画面：一位母亲与女儿手拉手并排走着，女儿依靠着妈妈。在漫画的右边，妈妈和女儿的角色对换了。说明文字说：“相携”。

这幅画说明了奉行孝道在我们的社会非常重要。首先，我们从祖父母和父母那里继承了这个世界。要不是包括老人在内的过去几代人努力工作，我们今天不可能享有这个现代社会。此外，老年人努力工作养活家人和年轻一代，并为子孙后代创造更好的生活和工作条件。

总之，尊老爱幼是我国的传统。例如，我们可以在公交车上把座位让给老年人，父母退休之后邀请他



exemplified⁴ by giving up our seats on the bus to the elderly⁵, by inviting our parents to live with us once they retire, and listening to their advice about life and work. Although some Chinese traditions are disappearing, the tradition that should never fade away⁶ is looking after the elderly.

们和我们同住，并且聆听他们有关生活和工作的建议。虽然我国的一些传统正在消失，但是照顾老人的传统永远不应消失。



道长点评

2014 年英语（一）大作文题并未考查很多辅导机构和考生预测的 2013 年最热门话题：浪费、节俭、梦想、幸福等，而是再次考查了当年的次热点话题，再次体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。本题涉及的话题是笔者 2013 年反复强调的英语（一）四大社会热点之一：两代关系。考研写作题已经考过三次“两代关系”这一话题，分别是 1992 年“两代人之间的相互理解”、2003 年“温室花朵经不起风雨（父母溺爱子女）”和 2005 年“养老足球赛（子女虐待老人）”。本书第二部分提供了三篇关于“两代关系”的预测范文，范文及文后栏目中的很多表达均可使用。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ side by side 并排地	○ mutual support 相携	① if it wasn't for... 要不是……
○ hand in hand 手拉手	○ filial piety 孝道	② provide for 供养，抚养
○ dependent on 依靠， 依赖	○ inherit 继承	③ respect the elderly and take care of the young 尊老爱幼
○ reverse 交换	○ posterity 子孙，后代	④ exemplify v. 举例说明
	○ retire 退休	⑤ give up one's seat to sb. 给某人让座
		⑥ fade away 逐渐消失

二、英语（二）

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose you are going to study abroad and share an apartment with John, a local student. Write him an email to

- 1) tell him about your living habits, and
- 2) ask for advice about living there.

You should write about 100 words on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your own name. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write your address. (10 points)

精彩范文



赠191

Dear John,

You do not know me but I have been granted the privilege of staying with you¹ while studying at your university. I'm writing this email to tell you about my living habits and to ask for advice about living in your city.

Firstly, I never drink or smoke. Neither do I stay up late². Instead, I keep a balanced diet and go to bed before 11 o'clock at night, because I believe burning the midnight oil³ is harmful to my health. Secondly, I like to keep my things clean. It is obvious that⁴ living in a messy environment results in a chaotic life.

Finally, could you please offer me some proposals in regard to⁵ living in your city? I'm sure that we can get along⁶ well with each other, and hopefully this stay would be one of the best times in my life.

Yours,
Li Ming

参考译文

亲爱的约翰：

你不认识我，但我有幸获准在你校就读期间和你住在一起。我写邮件是想告诉你我的生活习惯，同时想请你给我一些在你市生活的建议。

首先，我从不喝酒或吸烟，也从不晚睡。相反，我保持均衡饮食，晚上 11 点之前睡觉，因为我相信熬夜对健康有害。其次，我喜欢保持整洁。住在凌乱的环境中显然会导致混乱的生活。

最后，关于在你市生活，能否请你给我一些建议？我相信咱俩能相处得很好。但愿住那儿的日子会成为我人生中最美好的一段时光！

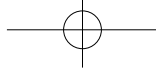
你真挚的，
李明



道长点评

2014 年英语（二）小作文题并未考查很多辅导机构和考生预测的求职信、求学信、申请信等热门书信类型，而是考查了考研写作题从未考过的咨询信（即询问信），再次体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。本书第二部分提供了四篇询问信预测范文，范文及文后栏目中的很多表达均可使用。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ grant 给予，准予	○ clean 清洁的，干净的	① the privilege of doing sth. 做某事的荣幸
○ privilege 荣幸，光荣	○ messy 脏的；凌乱的	② stay up late 晚睡
○ living habit 生活习惯	○ chaotic 混乱的	③ burn the midnight oil 熬夜
○ ask for advice 征求建议	○ proposal 建议	④ it is obvious that... 显然
○ instead 相反	○ hopefully 但愿	⑤ in regard to 关于，对于
○ be harmful to... 对……有害	○ stay 暂住，逗留	⑥ get along 相处融洽



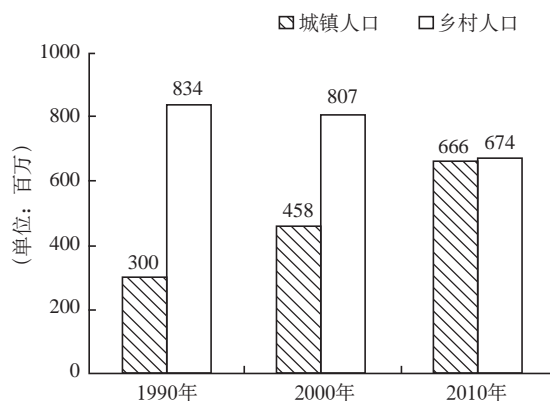
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your essay, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write about 150 words on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)



20年间中国城镇人口与乡村人口变化图

精彩范文

The bar chart above clearly reflects the changes in the statistics of urban and rural population in China during the past two decades. For urban dwellers, there was a noticeable jump of 366 million from 300 million to 666 million between 1990 and 2010. By contrast, a decline of 160 million occurred in the rural population from 834 million to 674 million during the same period.

With the development of our economy and society, urbanization **speeds up**¹ in our country. The growth of urban population comes either from internal or external factors or both. Part of this growth would seem to come from rural areas. The lure of cities is obvious because this is where the money is, there are more job opportunities, the standard of living is higher, there are more and better schools and of course there are social and leisure opportunities.

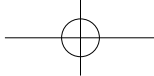
In any country there is always a drift from rural to urban areas and China is **no different**² in this respect. It would be nice if what is so attractive about urban areas could be duplicated in rural areas.

参考译文

上面的柱状图清楚地反映了过去20年间我国城镇和乡村人口数据所发生的变化。1990年到2010年间,城镇人口从3亿急剧增至6.66亿,明显增加了3.66亿。相比之下,在同一时期,乡村人口有所减少,从8.34亿减至6.74亿,减少了1.6亿。

随着我国经济和社会的发展,我国的城市化进程加快。城镇人口的增长源自内部因素或外部因素,抑或两者均有。部分增长似乎来自农村地区。城市的吸引力很明显,因为这里有金钱,有更多的工作机会,生活水平更高,有更多更好的学校,当然,还有社交和休闲机会。

在任何国家,人口总是由农村向城镇地区流动的,从这一点来讲我国没有什么差别。如果城镇地区的魅力农村地区能够复制就太好了。



道长点评

2014 年英语 (二) 大作文题并未考查很多辅导机构和考生预测的网上购物、电子商务、老龄化等热门话题, 而是考查了城乡差别这一次热门话题, 再次体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。这是考研写作继 1991 年后再次考查城乡差别这一话题, 也是自 1999 年后再次考查人口这一话题。人口发展与经济问题密切相关, 考生也可当作经济话题来写。城镇人口增长最主要的原因就是经济发展, 乡村人口减少最主要的原因就是科技进步, 这些都是经济话题常用的万能原因。本书第二部分提供了关于人口问题的图表范文, 范文及文后栏目中的很多表达均可使用。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ urban dweller 居住在城镇中的人	○ social 社交的	① speed up 加速 ② no different 没有差别
○ noticeable 明显的, 显著的	○ leisure 闲暇, 业余时间	
○ internal 内部的	○ drift 流动	
○ lure 吸引力, 诱惑力	○ attractive 有吸引力的	
○ standard of living 生活水平	○ duplicate 复制	

第六节 2015 年真题详解

一、英语 (一)

== Part A ==

Directions

You are going to host a club reading session. Write an email of about 100 words recommending a book to the club members.

You should state reasons for your recommendation.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the letter. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文

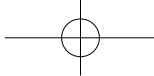
Dear Friends,

As the host of the upcoming reading session, I am writing the email to recommend my favorite book to you, *Tao Te Ching*, which is written by Lao-tzu.

参考译文

亲爱的朋友们:

作为即将举行的读书会的主持人, 我写这封邮件是为了把我最喜欢的一本书推荐给你们, 那就是老



The primary causes of my recommendation are as follows¹. To begin with, it is one of the best-loved and most universally popular Chinese classics. In addition, the book encapsulates² the main tenets of Taoism, and upholds a way of being as well as a philosophy. More importantly, the dominant image is of the Way, the mysterious path through the whole cosmos modeled on³ the Milky Way that traverses⁴ the heavens.

I hope the above information will help you to know the book. If you need any further information about it, please do not hesitate to⁵ contact me.

Yours faithfully,

Li Ming

子所著的《道德经》。

我推荐这本书的主要原因如下。首先，这本书是最受喜爱的，也是最受人欢迎的中国经典古籍之一。其次，这本书概括了道家的主要宗旨，并崇尚一种生存之道，同时也是一种人生哲学。更为重要的是，其主要概念是“道”——像横贯天际的银河一样、贯穿整个宇宙的神秘之道。

希望上述信息能够帮助你们了解这本书。如果你们需要更多有关此书的信息，请尽管和我联系。

您真诚的，
李明



道长点评

2011 年英语（一）小作文题就考查过关于电影的推荐信，四年之后再次考查关于书籍的推荐信，这再次说明了历年真题在考研写作命题中的至高无上的地位。很多机构和考生总认为考研小作文题考查的重点是没有考过的书信类型，事实并非如此。

关于读书的话题，国内各种英语考试曾反复考查：1999 年 6 月四级写作题考查了有关“选择性阅读还是博览群书”的提纲作文，2003 年 9 月六级作文题考查了关于“美国某大学学生阅读偏好”的图表作文，2013 年 6 月四级写作题考查了有关“文学重要性”的图画作文。在全民沉迷手机的今天，这个话题颇有实际意义，与今年考查的关于“手机成瘾”的大作文题互为呼应。

本书 2015 版第 29、60 和 68 页提供了三篇推荐信，尤其是第 73 页关于莫言小说《生死疲劳》的范文和第 82 页关于读书的范文几乎全文可用。2015 版《王江涛考研英语作文考前预测狂背 30 篇》第 15 页提供了推荐信范文，第 20 页提供了推荐信万能框架，尤其是第 40 页提供的关于读书的范文几乎全文可用。

素材词汇和短语

- host 节目主持人
- upcoming 即将到来的
- reading session 读书会
- Tao Te Ching《道德经》
- Lao-tzu 老子
- primary cause 主要原因
- recommendation 推荐
- best-loved 最受喜爱的
- universally 普遍地
- classic 经典作品

亮点表达

- ① as follows 如下
- ② encapsulate v. 概括



- | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| ○ tenet 宗旨; 教义; 信条; 原则 | ○ mysterious 神秘的 | 3 modeled on... 模仿 / 效仿……
4 traverse v. 跨过, 横穿
5 do not hesitate to do sth. 尽管做某事 |
| ○ uphold 支持并鼓励 | ○ cosmos 宇宙 | |
| ○ a way of being 存在方式 | ○ the Milky Way 银河 (系) | |
| ○ philosophy 人生哲学 | ○ the heavens 天空 | |
| ○ dominant 主要的 | ○ hesitate 犹豫, 迟疑 | |
| ○ image 概念 | | |

== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following picture. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the picture briefly,
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)



手机时代的聚会

精彩范文 赠221

As is shown in the picture, four young people are sitting at a table, being ready to have dinner. Unfortunately, instead of eating a variety of delicious foods in front of them, each of them is holding a mobile phone and staring at the screen, with no thought of¹ chatting or eating at all. The caption reads: "Gathering in the era of mobile phones."

Like the Internet, mobile phones benefit people hugely. With mobile phones, especially smartphones,

参考译文

如图所示, 四个年轻人坐在桌旁准备吃午饭。遗憾的是, 他们并没有吃面前各种各样的美味佳肴, 而是每人都拿着一部手机、盯着屏幕, 丝毫不想聊天或吃饭。说明文字写着: “手机时代的聚会”。

像因特网一样, 手机给人们带来了 many 好处。有了手机, 特别是



the home becomes a library, a school, an office and an entertainment center. All transactions, from banking to shopping, can be made from smartphones, and all information, from train schedules to discounted products, can be obtained just by pressing a key or touching the screen. Despite the efficiency and convenience generated by mobile phones, the changes they bring could well lead to potentially adverse consequences. For instance, as many activities could be carried out over mobile phones, we may feel no need to look away from² the screen. It's most unfortunate that³ young people in particular may become so addicted to⁴ our mobile phones that we may be less involved in⁵ real-life interactions.

From the above discussion, it is readily apparent that⁶ the mobile phone, as an increasingly popular form of communication among people, has both upsides and downsides. Therefore, while making productive and rational use of mobile phones, young people should limit the length of time they spend on their mobile phones, or their study/work and social life will eventually be negatively affected.

智能手机，家里就成了图书馆、学校、办公室和娱乐中心。所有交易——从银行业务到购物——都可以在智能手机上进行；所有信息，从列车时刻表到打折产品，只需按一下键或触屏即能获取。尽管手机给我们带来了高效和便利，它们所带来的变化也很有可能造成潜在的不良后果。例如，由于很多活动都可以在手机上进行，我们有可能不想让自己的视线离开手机屏幕。而且，特别是年轻人可能会变得非常沉迷于手机，以致他们现实生活中的交流就参与得比较少，这真是太遗憾了。

从上述讨论中，显而易见：作为一种人们之间愈加流行的交流方式，手机既有优点也存在不足。因此，年轻人在高效、合理利用手机的同时，还应该控制使用手机的时间，否则他们的学业 / 工作和社会生活最终会受到负面影响。



道长点评

2015 年考研英语（一）大作文题是考研第 16 次考查图画作文，并再次考查了流行文化这一话题。此话题之前已考过五次，分别是 1993 年的提纲作文“电视广告”、2006 年的图画作文“偶像崇拜”、2009 年的图画作文“网络的‘近’与‘远’”、2009 年的 MBA 情景作文“手机短信”以及 2010 年的英语（二）图表作文“手机入网”。如果考生之前背过 2009 年考研英语、2009 年 MBA 或 2010 年英语（二）的写作范文，其中的很多表达均可使用。同时，这也是近六年内考研写作第三次考查手机这一话题，并直接溯源于 2009 年的图画作文“网络的‘近’与‘远’”，几乎是原题重考，相应范文几乎全文可以使用。

本书 2015 版“10 大必背图画范文”中的“微博 / 微信”以及“20 大重点图画范文”中的“因特网”中的诸多表达均可使用，该书中关于流行文化的万能框架也可使用，只需加上主题词手机即可。

素材词汇和短语			亮点表达
○ be ready to 准备	○ gathering 聚会	○ press 按	① with no thought of 不 想 / 不打算…… ② look away from... 视 线 从……上移开
○ have dinner 吃午饭	○ era 时代	○ key 键	
○ delicious 美味的	○ hugely 极大地	○ touch 触摸	
○ stare 盯着看	○ smartphone 智能手机	○ generate 产生，引起	



- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| ○ potentially 潜在地 | ○ communication 交流 | ○ length 长度 | ③ it's most unfortunate that...
……真是太遗憾了 |
| ○ adverse 不利的 | ○ upside 积极面 | ○ or 否则, 要不然 | ④ addicted to... 沉迷于…… |
| ○ unfortunate 令人遗憾的 | ○ downside 不足之处 | ○ social life 社会生活 | ⑤ be involved in... 参与……; 卷入…… |
| ○ in particular 尤其, 特别 | ○ productive 富有成效的 | ○ eventually 最终 | ⑥ it is readily apparent that...
显而易见, …… |
| ○ readily 容易地 | ○ rational 合理的 | ○ negatively 负面地 | |
| | ○ limit 限制 | ○ affect 影响 | |

二、英语(二)

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose your university is going to host a summer camp for high school students. Write a notice to

1) briefly introduce the camp activities, and

2) call for volunteers.

You should write about 100 words on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your name or the name of your university.

Do not write your address. (10 points)

精彩范文



Volunteers Needed

June 1, 2015

In order to improve high school students' abilities and to enrich their after-class lives¹, our university is going to hold a summer camp on campus during this summer vacation.

These high school students will be involved in various activities, including taking part in speeches and debates, attending group discussions, and so on. First of all, by taking part in a variety of activities organized by us, students get to show their outstanding abilities and develop a range of² practical skills. What is more, their active participation helps in strengthening the sense of responsibility and developing interpersonal relationships³.

Those who are interested in being volunteers may sign up with the monitor of their class before June 10, 2015. Come and join us now.

The Students' Union

参考译文

招募志愿者

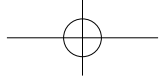
2015年6月1日

为了提高高中生的能力并丰富其课外生活,我校将于今年暑假在校内举办一次夏令营。

这些高中生将参加各种各样的活动,包括参加演讲与辩论,加入小组讨论等等。首先,通过参加我们组织的这些各类活动,学生能够展示其出色的能力,提高实用技能。而且,积极参与有助于他们增强责任感和培养人际关系。

有兴趣成为志愿者的学生请于2015年6月10日之前在班长处报名。现在就加入我们吧!

学生会



道长点评

在连续五年考查书信之后，2015 年考研英语（二）小作文题考查了告示这种题型。这种题型在教育部公布的最新“考研大纲”中并未提及，但在教育部考试中心发布的“考试分析”中提到了。2006 年 6 月和 2007 年 6 月的四级写作题也曾考查告示，分别考查了招募志愿者的告示和社团招新的海报。2010 年考研英语（一）小作文题也曾考查告示，考的是招募志愿者。2015 年英语（二）小作文题与 2006 年 6 月的四级写作题和 2010 年英语（一）的小作文题极为相似，几乎就是原题重考。近六年来，考研写作已经两次考查关于招募志愿者的告示，这再次印证了考研写作复习中真题至高无上的地位。

本书 2015 版第 41 页和第 72 页提供了两篇告示，尤其是第 13 页小作文 10 大必背范文第 4 篇的招新启事和第 214 页的招募志愿者告示几乎全文可以使用。2015 版《王江涛考研英语作文考前预测狂背 30 篇》第 17 页提供了告示范文，第 26 页和第 27 页提供了告示的万能框架，几乎全文可用。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ in order to 为了	○ practical skills 实用技能	① after-class lives 课外生活
○ summer camp 夏令营	○ what is more 此外	② a range of 一系列
○ outstanding 杰出的，出色的	○ sense of responsibility 责任感	③ develop interpersonal relationships 培养人际关系

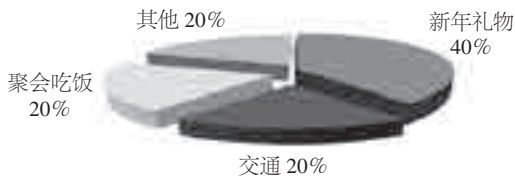
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write about 150 words on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)



我国某市居民春节假期花销比例

精彩范文



The pie chart above illustrates the percentage of the residents' spending during the Spring Festival Vacation in a certain city of China. We can see clearly that the money spent on New Year presents is the most among all the

参考译文

上面的饼状图说明了我国某市居民春节假期花销比例。我们可以清楚地看到：在新年礼物上的花费是四个类别中最多的，



four categories, which is approximately 40% of the total spending, whereas the percentages of the money spent on transport, social events, as well as others **account for**¹ 20% respectively.

The fundamental factors that **contribute to**² the **aforementioned**³ phenomenon may be summarized as follows. To start with, bearing New Year presents when visiting family and friends has long been a tradition in our culture. Especially nowadays as people hardly spend much time with their parents and other relatives, **giving out**⁴ presents on this special occasion of the year has become a way to express gratitude and **make up for**⁵ a whole year's absence. In addition, since the Spring Festival is the most important festival in Chinese culture, giving presents to each other makes the day more memorable. For instance, I still remember the first New Year gift my uncle Neo gave me.

In summary, people spend a lot on Spring Festival presents for a large number of reasons. People find that sending presents which express good wishes might be the most direct and effective way to reconnect with each other. It will certainly make the festival unforgettable.

大约占 40%；而交通、聚会吃饭和其他的花费各占 20%。

促成上述现象的基本原因可以概括如下。首先，春节走亲访友送礼物是我们由来已久的文化传统。尤其在今天，鉴于很多人没有多少时间来陪自己的父母和亲戚，在一年中这个特殊的时节送礼物就成了表达感激之情和弥补不在身边一整年的方式。此外，由于春节是中国最重要的节日，互送礼物会使这一天变得更加难忘。比如，我还记得我叔叔内奥送给我的第一份新年礼物。

总之，人们在新年礼物上花销巨大有多种原因。人们认为互送表达美好祝愿的礼物是重新建立联系的最直接和有效的方式，并一定会让人们更加难忘这个节日。



道长点评

继 2010 年考查电信业、2011 年考查汽车行业、2014 年考查城乡人口之后，2015 年考研英语（二）大作文题第四次考查了经济类话题，涉及居民消费。这也表明经济类话题仍是英语（二）考生最应该关注的话题。

本书 2015 版第 9 页关于节俭的范文、第 92 页关于购物的图表作文、第 179 页和第 180 页关于经济的两篇万能框架几乎全文可以使用。2015 版《王江涛考研英语作文考前预测狂背 30 篇》第 9 页关于节俭的范文、第 67 页关于购物的图表作文、第 89 页和第 90 页关于经济的两篇万能框架几乎全文可以使用。

素材词汇和短语

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ○ resident 居民 | ○ bear 携带 |
| ○ spending 花销 | ○ relative 亲戚 |
| ○ Spring Festival Vacation 春节假期 | ○ special occasion 特殊场合 |
| ○ present 礼物 | ○ absence 不在，缺席 |
| ○ transport 交通 | ○ memorable 难忘的 |
| ○ social event 社交活动 | ○ in summary 总之 |
| ○ respectively 各自地 | ○ direct 直接的 |
| ○ fundamental 基本的 | ○ reconnect 再联系 |
| ○ to start with 首先 | ○ unforgettable 难以忘怀的 |

亮点表达

- ① account for 占（一定数量或比例）
- ② contribute to 造成，促成（某事发生）
- ③ aforementioned *adj.* 上述的
- ④ give out 分发
- ⑤ make up for 弥补

第七节 2016 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose you are a librarian in your university. Write a notice of about 100 words, providing the newly-enrolled international students with relevant information about the library.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the notice. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)

精彩范文



参考译文

Notice

December 26, 2015

Welcome to our university! As a librarian, I would like to provide you with detailed information¹ in regard to² our library.

To begin with, just like all the major libraries in our country, we have used computers connected to the Internet³ to streamline⁴ our retrieval⁵ system. In addition, we have already replaced all the outdated facilities, as a convenience to readers. Last but not least, we have extended the opening hours⁶ of our library by 4 hours.

We are happy to have you here in our university. I am sure you will have a wonderful time here.

Li Ming

告示

2015 年 12 月 26 日

欢迎来到我们大学！作为一名图书馆管理员，我想向你们提供关于我校图书馆的详细信息。

首先，就像国内各大图书馆一样，我们使用了联网电脑来简化我们的检索系统。其次，为方便读者，我们已经更换了所有过时的设施。最后，我们将图书馆的开放时间延长了 4 个小时。

我们很高兴你们能在我校学习。我确信你们将在此度过一段美好时光。

李明



道长点评

继 2010 年的英语（一）和 2015 年的英语（二）考查了告示之后，2016 年的英语（一）小作文题再次考查了告示这一题型，再次体现了考研写作命题明显的反押题倾向，同时验证了真题在考研写作命题中至高无上的价值。

在北京新东方面授、新东方在线网课及各类书籍中，笔者均反复讲解了告示的写作方



法, 并提供了大量真题及预测范文。考生如果认真学习过, 这道题应该感觉并不难写。同时, 继 2007 年之后, 考研写作再次考查了关于大学图书馆的应用文, 所以考生可以使用 2007 年写作真题范文中的相关表达。本书 2016 版第 13、41 和 72 页提供了三篇告示类预测范文, 第 214、247 页提供了两篇告示类真题范文。

提醒广大考生: 切勿寄希望于考前所谓的“绝密押题”或“万能模板”, 扎扎实实背诵、默写、提高写作实力, 才是取得高分的关键!

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ librarian 图书馆管理员	○ facility 设施; 设备	① detailed information 详细信息
○ would like to 想要	○ convenience 便利措施	② in regard to 关于
○ to begin with 首先	○ last but not least 最后但同样重要的(一点)	③ connected to the Internet 联网的
○ Internet 因特网	○ extend 延长	④ streamline v. 简化……使效率更高
○ in addition 此外	○ wonderful 令人高兴的, 使人愉快的	⑤ retrieval n. (计算机系统信息的) 检索
○ replace 更换		⑥ opening hours 营业时间
○ outdated 过时的		

== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following pictures. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the pictures briefly,
- 2) interpret the meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)



与其只提要求, 不如做个榜样

精彩范文 赠26

In the pictures above are a father and his beloved son. In the left cartoon, smoking a cigarette

参考译文

上图中有一位父亲和他的宝贝儿子。在左面的漫画中, 这位父亲呵



and sitting in a sofa comfortably, the father is watching a football match on TV and shouting, “Son, study hard for me!” On the contrary, in the right drawing, at 9 p.m., the father is studying together with his son, both totally absorbed in¹ their books. The caption indicates, “Instead of merely making a request, set an example².”

The pictures show us that utmost significance should be attached to practising what you preach³. On the one hand, actions should play a more important role than words in family education. Some parents may say to their children, “Don’t be so nasty to others!” But sometimes they themselves are rude to others. On the other hand, parenting is a crucial responsibility, yet there are no required courses to prepare one for this role. One can easily follow the example of his parents⁴.

To sum up, parents are their children’s first and most important teachers. Obviously, if parents’ actions didn’t conflict with their words, they would have a chance of being⁵ an outstanding example to⁶ their children. As the old saying goes⁷, “Actions speak louder than words⁸.”

着一根香烟、舒适地坐在沙发上，正在看电视上的一场足球赛，同时大喊：“儿子，你给我好好学习！”正相反，在右面的图画中，晚上九点，这位父亲在和儿子一起学习，都在专心致志地看着自己的书。说明文字显示：“与其只提要求，不如做个榜样。”

图画表明，我们应该充分重视以身作则。一方面，在家庭教育中，和言语相比，行动应起到更为重要的作用。有些家长也许会对孩子说：“不要对别人那么凶！”但是，有时候家长自己对别人就会很无礼。另一方面，养育子女是一项非常重要的职责，但究竟该怎样为人父母，却没有现成的必修课来帮助人们做好准备承担这一角色。人们就很容易仿效自己父母的做法。

总之，父母是孩子的第一任、也是最重要的老师。显而易见，如果父母言行一致，他们有可能就会成为孩子们的杰出榜样。老话说得好：“行胜于言。”

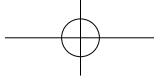


道长点评

2016 年的英语（一）大作文题并未考查很多辅导机构预测的“传统文化”“创新”“环保”等当年所谓热门话题，而是在时隔两年之后，再次考查了“两代关系”这一当年次热门话题，体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。

考研写作已经考查过四次“两代关系”这一话题，分别在 1992、2003、2005、2014 年，主题分别涉及代沟、溺爱、养老和尊老爱幼。今年再次考查榜样的重要性，验证了真题在考研写作命题中至高无上的重要地位。同时，本题也可从人生哲理方面进行阐述。考研写作已经考查过七次人生哲理这一话题，分别在 1994、2003、2004、2007、2008、2012、2013 年，主题分别涉及友谊、独立、坚持、自信、合作、乐观和选择。相关的真题范文考生均可使用。此外，2006 年考研写作还曾经考查“偶像崇拜”这一话题，相关范文亦可借鉴，榜样即正面的偶像。

本书 2016 版的第 79、84、113、115、125、126 和 128 页提供了七篇人生哲理类预测范文，第 228、234 页提供了两篇人生哲理类真题范文，里面的诸多表达均可使用。本题提醒广大考生：切勿寄希望于考前所谓的“绝密押题”或“万能模板”，扎扎实实背诵、默写、提高写作实力，才是取得高分的关键！



素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
o beloved 宝贝的; 挚爱的	o family education 家庭教育	① absorbed in 专注于
o cigarette 香烟	o nasty 不友善的	② set an example 树立榜样
o sofa 沙发	o rude 粗鲁的, 无礼的	③ practise what you preach 以身作则, 言行一致
o comfortably 舒适地	o parenting 养育	④ follow one's example 仿效某人的做法
o football match 足球赛	o crucial 至关重要的, 关键性的	⑤ have a chance of doing sth. 有可能做某事
o on the contrary 正相反	o responsibility 责任	⑥ be an example to... 是……的榜样
o instead of 而不是	o required course 必修课程	⑦ as the old saying goes 老话说得好
o merely 仅仅	o prepare sb. for sth. 使某人做好……的准备	⑧ Actions speak louder than words. 行胜于言。
o make a request 提要求	o can easily 很容易	
o utmost 最大的; 极度的	o obviously 显然地	
o significance 重要性	o conflict with 与……矛盾	
o practice 实践; 奉行	o outstanding 杰出的	
o preach 唠叨地劝诫; 宣扬		
o action 行为		

二、英语(二)

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose you won a translation contest and your friend, Jack, wrote an email to congratulate you and ask for advice on translation. Write him a reply to

- 1) thank him,
- 2) give your advice.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your own name. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write your address. (10 points)

精彩范文

Dear Jack,

I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to you, for your support and wishes. Since you asked for advice on translation, I would like to offer several practical suggestions as follows.

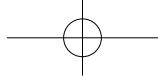
First of all, while quite a number of students think they're forced to learn translation—merely for taking

参考译文

亲爱的杰克:

我想向你表达我最衷心的感谢, 谢谢你对我的支持和祝愿。既然你问我关于翻译的建议, 我想提一些实用的建议, 如下。

首先, 尽管相当多的学生认为自己只是为了参加英语考试而被迫学



English tests, you should learn it for future use. What is more, in order to become an outstanding translator, it is vital for you to¹ not only appreciate the beauty of English and Chinese language and literature, but also have an interest in exploring² something deeper in this field.

I'm sure you will be an excellent translator.

Yours,
Li Ming

习翻译，你应该为了将来使用而学习。其次，为了成为一名杰出的翻译，你不仅应该欣赏英语和汉语语言文学的美妙，还应该有兴趣在此领域进一步探索，这点至关重要。

我确信你会成为一名优秀的翻译。

你真挚的，
李明



道长点评

继 2007 年、2008 年、2009 年、2011 年英语（二）、2012 年英语（一）和 2014 年英语（一）之后，2016 年英语（二）第七次考查了建议信，体现了明显的反押题倾向，也再次验证了真题在考研写作命题中至高无上的价值。

在北京新东方面授、新东方在线网课及各类书籍中，笔者均反复讲解了建议信的写作方法，并提供了大量真题及预测范文。考生如果认真学习过，本题应该感觉并不难写。

本书 2016 版第 17 页和第 37 页提供了两篇建议信预测范文，第 223、227、238 页提供了三篇建议信真题范文。2016 版《王江涛考研英语（二）满分写作》第 50 页和第 77 页提供了建议信预测范文和写作框架。

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ heartfelt 衷心的	○ for future use 为了将来使用	① it is vital for sb. to... 对于某人来说……是至关重要的 ② have an interest in doing sth. 有兴趣做某事
○ wishes 祝愿	○ translator 翻译	
○ translation 翻译	○ appreciate 欣赏	
○ as follows 如下	○ literature 文学	
○ quite a number of 相当多的	○ explore 探索	
○ be forced to 被迫		
○ take English tests 参加英语考试		

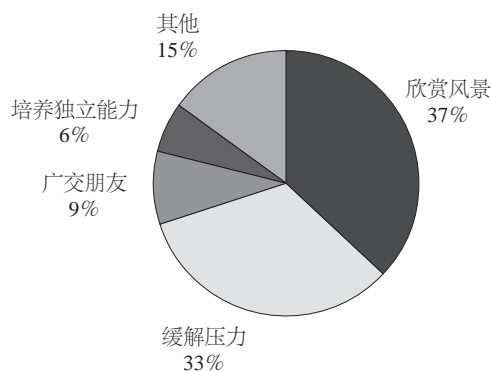
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write about 150 words on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)



某高校学生旅游目的调查

精彩范文 赠28

The pie chart clearly illustrates the purposes of students' travel in a certain university. As is reflected in the chart, 37 percent of college students travel in order to enjoy the view¹. Next comes the aim of relieving pressure², accounting for 33%. Instead, the percentages of making friends, developing the ability to be independent, and others are 9%, 6% and 15% respectively.

There are several primary reasons that could explain this phenomenon. In the first place, travelling can enrich our life experience. While travelling, we may join tourists in marveling at the incredible forces of Niagara Falls, take a stroll along the boulevards in Paris, and experience the joys and sorrows of people on different lands and in different times. In the second place, college students, who have to juggle³ their academic studies, romantic relationship⁴ and a busy social calendar⁵, are particularly susceptible to pressure⁶. Travelling seems to be a way for them to cope with and reduce stress successfully.

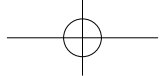
Taking all these factors into consideration⁷, we may predict that with the quickening pace of campus life and ever-increasing pressure, the number of university students touring will keep growing in the forthcoming decade.

参考译文

这幅饼状图清楚地说明了某高校学生的旅游目的。如图所示, 37% 的大学生为了欣赏风景而旅游。接下来是以缓解压力为目的的学生, 占了 33%。而以广交朋友、培养独立能力和其他为目的的大学生各占 9%、6% 和 15%。

几个主要原因可以解释这种现象。首先, 旅游能够丰富我们的人生经历。在旅行中, 我们可以和游客一起赞叹尼亚加拉瀑布的惊人威力, 可以漫步在巴黎的林荫大道上, 还可以体会到不同时期、不同国土上人民的欢乐和悲伤。其次, 大学生不得不兼顾学业、恋爱和繁忙的社交日程, 特别容易感受到压力。旅游似乎是他们可以成功应对并缓解压力的一种方法。

考虑到所有这些因素, 我们可以预测: 随着校园生活节奏的加快和日益增大的压力, 旅游的大学生数量在未来十年将持续增加。



道长点评

继 2015 年之后，2016 年的英语（二）大作文题连续第二年考查饼状图。同时，继 2005 年的 MBA 写作“十一黄金周”、2011 年英语（一）的“旅程之余”之后，2016 年避开当年的“传统文化”“网上购物”“环保”等大热门话题，第三次考查了“旅游”这一次热门话题。这体现了考研写作命题明显的反押题倾向，也表明了真题在考研写作命题中至高无上的地位。

在北京新东方面授、新东方在线网课及各类书籍中，笔者均反复讲解了旅游类作文的写作方法，并提供了大量真题及预测范文。考生如果认真学习过，本题应该感觉并不难写。本书 2016 版的第 222 页和第 98 页分别提供了旅游类真题及预测范文，里面的诸多表达均可使用。

本题提醒广大考生：切勿寄希望于考前所谓的“绝密押题”或“万能模板”，扎扎实实背诵、默写、提高写作实力，才是取得高分的关键！

素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ travel 旅游	○ cope with 应对	① enjoy the view 欣赏风景
○ instead 而	○ reduce stress 减少压力	② relieve pressure 缓解压力
○ make friends 交朋友	○ quickening pace 加快的节奏	③ juggle v. (尤指吃力地) 同时应付 (几份工作、多项活动等)
○ develop the ability to be independent 培养独立能力	○ ever-increasing 日益增大的	④ romantic relationship 爱情关系
○ respectively 各自地	○ keep growing 持续增加	⑤ social calendar 社交日程
○ susceptible 易受影响的	○ in the forthcoming decade 在未来十年	⑥ be susceptible to sth. 易受……影响
		⑦ take...into consideration 考虑到……，把……考虑进去

第八节 2017 年真题详解

一、英语（一）

== Part A ==

Directions

You are to write an email to James Cook, a newly-arrived Australian professor, recommending some tourist attractions in your city. Please give reasons for your recommendation.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the email. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write the address. (10 points)



精彩范文



Dear Professor Cook,

We are greatly **honoured to invite**¹ you to be a guest professor at our university. I would like to recommend to you two scenic spots in our city: the Palace Museum and the Great Wall.

The primary reasons are as follows. The Palace Museum was established on the basis of² the Forbidden City, the imperial palace for 24 emperors during the Ming and Qing dynasties, and their collection of treasures. It is the largest palace complex and the most visited art museum in the world. Symbolizing China's ancient civilization, the Great Wall is one of the most appealing attractions in the entire world. As one of the greatest wonders of the world, it was listed as a World Heritage site by UNESCO in 1987.

We wish you a pleasant stay in our city.

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

参考译文

尊敬的库克教授：

能邀请您来我校做客座教授，我们深感荣幸。我想向您推荐我市的两个景点：故宫博物院和长城。

主要原因如下。故宫博物院是在紫禁城——明朝和清朝共 24 位皇帝的皇宫——以及皇帝们所收藏珍宝的基础上建起来的。它是世界上最大的宫殿群，也是参观人数最多的艺术博物馆。长城象征着中国的古代文明，是全世界最吸引人的景点之一。作为世界上最伟大的奇迹之一，长城 1987 年被联合国教科文组织列为世界遗产地。

希望您在我市待得愉快。

您真诚的，

李明



道长点评

继 2011 年的“推荐电影”、2015 年的“推荐图书”之后，2017 年英语（一）的小作文题“推荐旅游景点”第三次考查了推荐信，再一次体现了目前考研写作的反押题倾向。

在本书 2017 版第 60 页，以及北京新东方面授和新东方在线网课中，笔者均提供了关于旅游景点的推荐信。很多考生提前背过范文，考场上几乎全文均可使用。

本题包含两点提纲：一是推荐一些旅游景点，二是给出推荐原因。根据提纲，第一段可以先对外教表示欢迎，接着改写第一点提纲，具体推荐两三个旅游景点。第二段应改写提纲二，说明详细原因。第三段可再次表明写作目的、表示感谢或期待回信。

很多同学由于英语基本功薄弱，无法正确写出景点的英文名称，错误百出。该题提醒广大考生：扎扎实实背诵默写、提高英语实力，而非临时抱佛脚的绝密押题或万能模板，才是斩获高分的关键。



素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ guest professor 客座教授○ recommend 推荐○ scenic spot 景点○ the Palace Museum 故宫博物院○ the Great Wall 长城○ establish 建立○ the Forbidden City 紫禁城○ imperial palace 皇宫○ emperor 皇帝○ the Ming and Qing dynasties 明朝和清朝○ collection 收藏品○ treasure 珍宝○ complex 综合楼群	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ most visited 参观人数最多的○ art museum 艺术博物馆○ symbolize 象征○ ancient civilization 古代文明○ appealing 有吸引力的○ attraction 吸引人之物○ in the entire world 全世界○ wonder 奇迹○ list 把……列入正式名单○ World Heritage site 世界遗产地○ UNESCO 联合国教科文组织○ pleasant 愉快的○ stay 停留	<p>① be honoured to do sth. 能做某事，深感荣幸</p> <p>② on the basis of... 在……的基础上</p>

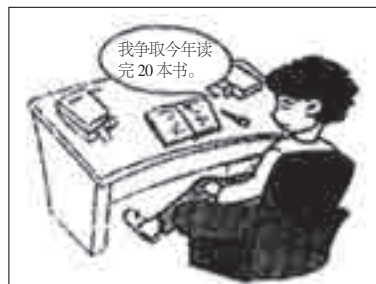
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following pictures. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the pictures briefly,
- 2) interpret the meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)



“有书”与“读书”

精彩范文 赠30

In the cartoons above are two men treating books in completely different ways. In the left picture, facing hundreds of books on the shelf,

参考译文

在上述漫画中，两位男士以截然不同的态度对待图书。在左图中，



a man is speaking proudly, "I have so many books!" In the right picture, looking at a book on the desk, another man is talking to himself, "I will **make an effort**¹ to finish reading 20 books this year." The caption reads, "Owning books and reading books."

The aim of the pictures is to show us that **actions speak louder than words**². **Ambition without action is just talk. Consider, for instance,**³ Leonardo da Vinci. **In his life he created many brilliant works of art and invented many machines that surpassed the technology of his time,** such as the helicopter. If he had merely been an ambitious man with no action, he would have no doubt left us with no work. However, Leonardo was **a man of action**⁴ who could not **sit still**⁵, so he produced **a dazzling**⁶ legacy of paintings and inventions.

In brief⁷, **ambition and action are both essential in determining whether we succeed or fall behind.** The former gives us the drive and direction to move forward, while the latter enables us to implement our vision and make things happen. Just as the famous English philosopher John Locke said, "I have always thought the actions of men the best interpreters of their thoughts."

一位男士面对着书架上的几百本书骄傲地说：“我有这么多书！”在右图中，另一位男士看着桌上的一本书自言自语：“我争取今年读完 20 本书。”

这些图画的目的向我们展示行胜于言的道理。如果不付诸行动，雄心就会沦为空谈。以列奥纳多·达·芬奇为例。在一生中，他创作了很多杰出的艺术作品，并发明了很多超越其年代技术的机器，比如直升机。如果他仅仅是一个空有雄心而无实际行动的人，那么毫无疑问，他为我们留不下任何作品。但是，作为一个讲求实干的人，达·芬奇为我们创造了绘画作品、发明之类的璀璨遗产。

总之，雄心和行动都是决定我们成功与否的重要因素。前者给予我们前进的干劲和方向，后者使我们能够将设想变为现实。正如著名的英国哲学家约翰·洛克所说：“我一直认为，行为是思想的最好诠释者。”



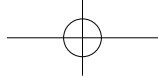
道长点评

继 2003 年、2004 年、2007 年、2008 年和 2012 年之后，2017 年的英语（一）大作文题再次考查了“人生哲理类”话题。左图中，一个人拥有很多书但从不去读；右图中，另一个人计划今年读完 20 本书。显而易见，图画的主题是“行动的重要性”。

与国外写作考试不同，在考研阅卷过程中，由于老师阅卷时间异常紧张，因此对于考研作文来说，语言第一位、结构第二位、内容第三位，只要写作内容与图画相关即可。本题也可写“读书的重要性”或“脚踏实地的重要性”。

在本书 2017 版第 80 页、2017 版《王江涛考研英语作文考前预测狂背 30 篇》第 40 页，以及北京新东方面授课和新东方在线网课中，笔者均提供了关于“读书”的范文。值得一提的是，在新东方在线 2017 冲刺班及笔者在 2017 考研前发布的微博中，笔者均只提供了三篇图画作文的范文供考生背诵，其中之一就是“读书”。很多考生提前背过范文，考场上几乎全文均可使用。

该题提醒广大考生：扎扎实实背诵、默写、提高英语实力，而非临时抱佛脚的绝密押题或万能模板，才是斩获高分的关键。



素材词汇和短语		亮点表达
○ completely 完全地	○ ambitious 雄心勃勃的	① make an effort 尽量, 尽力 ② actions speak louder than words 行胜于言 ③ Consider, for instance, ... 以……为例 ④ a man of action 一个实干家 ⑤ sit still 坐着不动 ⑥ dazzling <i>adj.</i> 令人印象深刻的; 使人目眩的 ⑦ in brief 简言之
○ hundreds of 几百; 很多	○ no doubt 无疑	
○ shelf 架子	○ work (艺术) 作品	
○ proudly 骄傲地	○ legacy 遗产	
○ talk to oneself 自言自语	○ painting 绘画 (作品)	
○ own 拥有	○ invention 发明	
○ action 行动	○ essential 极其重要的	
○ ambition 雄心	○ determine 决定	
○ Leonardo da Vinci 列奥纳多·达·芬奇	○ fall behind 落后	
○ create 创作	○ the former 前者	
○ brilliant 杰出的	○ drive 干劲	
○ work of art 艺术作品	○ direction 方向	
○ invent 发明	○ move forward 前进	
○ machine 机器	○ the latter 后者	
○ surpass 超越	○ implement 执行; 实施	
○ technology 技术	○ vision 设想	
○ time 时代	○ philosopher 哲学家	
○ helicopter 直升机	○ John Locke 约翰·洛克	
	○ interpreter 诠释者	

二、英语 (二)

== Part A ==

Directions

Suppose you are invited by Professor Williams to give a presentation about Chinese culture to a group of international students. Write a reply to

- 1) accept the invitation, and
- 2) introduce the key points of your presentation.

You should write about 100 words on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your own name. Use “Li Ming” instead.

Do not write your address. (10 points)

精彩范文

Dear Professor Williams,

I am extremely honoured to accept your invitation of giving a presentation to the international students on Chinese culture.

参考译文

尊敬的威廉斯教授:

我非常荣幸地接受您的邀请, 为留学生做一场关于中国文化的报告。



I intend to focus on two points in my presentation. First of all, compared with Westerners, the Chinese people pay more attention to the harmonious relations between human beings and nature. For instance, “**Nature-Human Integration**!” is a familiar concept. Secondly, in traditional Chinese ideology, much emphasis is laid on² “behaving properly to cultivate oneself³” as well as the spiritual enlightenment⁴ on the part of the individual⁵ rather than on logical reasoning⁶.

Thank you again for your warm invitation. I am looking forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours sincerely,
Li Ming

我打算在报告中集中讲两点内容。首先，和西方人相比，中国人更注重人与自然之间的和谐关系。例如，“天人合一”就是一个人们耳熟能详的概念。其次，中国传统思想强调“修身养性”，以及个人的心灵觉悟，而对逻辑推理不是特别在意。

再次感谢您的热情邀请。盼即赐复。

您真诚的，
李明



道长点评

继 2016 年考查了答复信之后，2017 年英语（二）小作文题再次考查了答复信，这次是邀请信的答复信，同时考查了英语（二）之前从未考过的“中国文化”这一话题，体现了反押题倾向。很多同学由于审题不清或词汇量太小，没有读懂题目，写成了邀请信，导致扣分。提醒广大考生：题目务必审三遍！

2002 年和 2010 年英语（一）曾两次考查“中国文化”这一话题，分别考查了文化交流和融合。在本书 2017 版第 82 页、2017 版《王江涛考研英语作文考前预测狂背 30 篇》第 42 页和新东方在线网课，笔者均提供了关于“中国文化”的范文；当年北京新东方学校考研英语强化班上，全年唯一一篇全文讲解的范文即关于“中国文化”。考生如果认真准备过，本题并不难写。

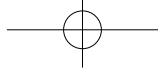
这道题目提醒广大考生：词汇和语法是考研英语的基石。必须扎扎实实夯实词汇和语法基础，尽早背诵默写范文提高写作实力，否则一切绝密押题或万能模板都无法帮你考过！

素材词汇和短语

- invitation 邀请
- give a presentation 做报告
- international student 留学生
- Chinese culture 中国文化
- intend 打算
- first of all 首先
- compared with... 与……相比
- Westerner 西方人
- harmonious 和谐的
- relation 关系
- human being 人
- nature 自然
- familiar 熟悉的
- concept 概念
- ideology 思想体系
- emphasis 重要性
- behave properly 举止得体
- cultivate 培养
- individual 个人
- rather than 而非

亮点表达

- ① Nature-Human Integration 天人合一
- ② lay emphasis on... 强调……
- ③ behaving properly to cultivate oneself 修身养性
- ④ spiritual enlightenment 心灵觉悟
- ⑤ on the part of sb. 就某人而言，某人所感觉 / 做的
- ⑥ logical reasoning 逻辑推理



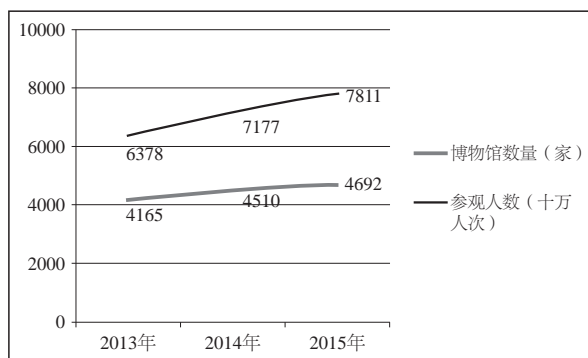
== Part B ==

Directions

Write an essay based on the following chart. In your writing, you should

- 1) interpret the chart, and
- 2) give your comments.

You should write about 150 words on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)



2013—2015年我国博物馆数量和参观人数

精彩范文

The line graph clearly illustrates that the numbers of museums in China and their visitors both increased steadily from 2013 to 2015. Based upon the data given above, we can see that the number of museums has risen from 4,165 to 4,692 during the three years, and the number of visitors increased from 637.8 million to 781.1 million at the same time.

Museums hold an attraction and a fascination for most people¹, of all ages, from young children to grandparents, for at least two fundamental reasons. The first reason many people are interested in visiting museums is to learn about the history and culture of a particular country or place. A country's capital, like Beijing, London or Paris, is a veritable² museum lover's paradise³, where one could literally spend days visiting dozens of museums. Another reason why people visit museums is that it is not only for adults, but for the whole family, a wonderful activity enjoyed by children as well as grandparents. It gives the

参考译文

这幅折线图清晰说明：2013年至2015年，我国博物馆的数量和参观人数均有稳步增长。根据上述数据我们可以看出，在这三年之中，博物馆的数量从4165家增至4692家；与此同时，参观人数也从637.8亿人次增至781.1亿人次。

无论是年幼的孩童，还是祖父母辈的老人，不管是什么年纪，大多数人都会对博物馆着迷，根本原因至少有两点。首先，许多人之所以对参观博物馆感兴趣，是为了了解某个国家或地方的历史和文化。一国的首都，如北京、伦敦和巴黎，简直就是博物馆爱好者的天堂。可以毫不夸张地说，他们在这些地方可以花费数天时间参观数十家博物馆。其次，参观博物馆不仅是成年人的消遣，还是全家人的活动，老人小孩都



whole family something they can spend several hours doing together, for free or **at a reasonable cost**⁴.

In summary, people love visiting museums because they help them to understand history and culture, be they at a local, regional, national or international level. Meanwhile, it is an educational and cultural experience that can be enjoyed by the whole family.

喜欢。不管是免费还是得花上一点钱，参观博物馆给一家人提供了好几个小时在一起的机会。

总的来说，人们喜欢参观博物馆——无论是县级、地区级、国家级，还是世界级的博物馆——是因为博物馆能够帮他们了解历史文化。同时，全家人去逛博物馆也不失为一件乐事，一家老小还能从中学到知识、感受文化。



道长点评

2017 年的英语（二）大作文题“博物馆”是考研第八年考查图表作文。博物馆属于广义的“旅游”话题，这也是考研写作继 2005 年 MBA 的“‘十一’黄金周”、2011 年英语（一）的“旅程之‘余’”、2016 年英语（二）的“某高校学生旅游目的调查”之后，第四次考查“旅游”这一话题。同时，该题也是时隔 18 年之后考研写作再次考查曲线图。这都体现了目前考研写作命题的反押题倾向。本书 2017 版第 98 页和第 254 页提供了关于旅游的范文，考生如果认真准备过，本题并不难写。

本文第一段应进行图表描述。首句为总体描述，说明主题（博物馆及参观人数）+ 时间（2013—2015）。第二句进行细节描述，博物馆数量和参观人数各写一个分句，与英语（二）写作考查次数最多的柱状图写法相同：时间（2013—2015）+ 主题（博物馆数量及参观人数）+ 数据（最小及最大数据）+ 变化（稳步上升）。

第二段可以进行原因列举，说明数据变化原因，有两种写法：一是每个对象写一点原因，博物馆数量和参观人数增加各写一点原因；二是主要对象写两三点原因，写博物馆数量或参观人数增加其中之一均可。

第三段有三种写法：一是预测趋势，正面继续，负面变化，本图是正面现象，博物馆数量和参观人数仍将持续增加；二是归纳结论；三是建议措施，呼吁政府多建博物馆，大家多参观博物馆。

素材词汇和短语

- attraction 诱惑力
- fascination 吸引力
- grandparent 祖父母
- fundamental 根本的
- capital 首都
- literally 确实
- reasonable 合理的
- regional 地区的
- educational 教育的

亮点表达

- ① hold an attraction and a fascination for sb. 对某人有吸引力
- ② veritable *adj.* 十足的；名副其实的
- ③ paradise *n.* 乐园，完美去处
- ④ at a reasonable cost 以合理的费用